## Climate implications toolkit

This toolkit is a self-assessment to help officers think about how their projects, procurements, commissioning, and services can align with H&F's net zero carbon target and sixth council value: "Rising to the challenge of the climate and ecological emergency". It also supports report authors to draft the climate implications section on decision reports, now required on decisions over £300,000 and procurement strategy reports.



## How to use the tool

The self-assessment is intended to help officers reflect critically on their project or service's climate impact. We recommend you answer all the questions, even if the answer is 'not applicable'. It is a reflective tool, not a framework for approving or rejecting a decision, so it will work best if each question is considered honestly and carefully.



The next tab presents a set of questions about the initiative or decision against H&F's five 'climate challenges', and a drop-down range of answers. Each answer is colour-coded to indicate its climate impact and recommended way forward as follows:

Colour code	Recommendation
Dark green	Strong positive impacts for the climate emergency. Recommendation to proceed as is with this aspect.
Light green	Some positive impact for the climate emergency. Recommendation to further enhance this aspect where possible and proceed.
Yellow	Some negative impacts for the climate emergency. Recommendation to review these aspects and find mitigations where possible.
Red	Considerable inconsistency with the council's net zero objective. Strong recommendation to review these aspects and find mitigations.
Grey	Neutral or not applicable. Recommendation to consider how benefits could be achieved in this area, but otherwise proceed.

These questions should be considered for services, goods and projects we procure as well as those we deliver directly. Delivery models, specifications and tender evaluation should be shaped to ensure our contractors are aligned with our net zero commitment.

When answering these questions you should consider **direct** and **indirect** impacts. For example, a highways project to install traffic reduction measures might not use electric vehicles or plant in its delivery, but still lead to reduced vehicle use once in place.

Against each climate challenge, the toolkit presents possible actions to improve the climate impact of the decision.

Please email your completed copy of the form to Jim.Cunningham@lbhf.gov.uk and Hinesh.Mehta@lbhf.gov.uk, along with your draft climate implications for verification (if completing a report).

Version	Date	
1.0		09/03/21
1.1		17/05/21

Colour code	Recommendation	Nime at a pure surger see Develope 1.12	proceed on in with this correct
Dark green Light green	• •	climate emergency. Recommendation to proceed the commendation to full	
/ellow	Some positive impact for the climate emergency. Recommendation to further enhance this aspect where possible and proceed.  Some possible negative impacts for the climate emergency. Recommendation to review these aspects and find mitigations where possible.		
Red	Considerable inconsistency with the council's net zero objective. Strong recommendation to review these aspects and find mitigations.		
Grey	Neutral or not applicable. Recon	nmendation to consider how benefits cou	ld be achieved in this area, but otherwise proceed.
	N	Transaction of the state of the	
Guidance for use Please answer all questions from the drop-down options in the 'impact' column (C),	Name of project/service:	Initiation of provisional servcies within the	
ncluding 'not applicable' as needed.	Brief description (1-2 sentences):	To have the phased implementation of value a separate garden waste collection servi	
	Sentences).	offer	ide as part of the waste concention
Please email your completed copy of the form to Jim.Cunningham@lbhf.gov.uk and Hinesh.Mehta@lbhf.gov.uk, along with your draft climate implications for verification (if completing a report).			
Cey to the colour coding of answers is given at the top of the page.			
James buildings infrastructure and approv	1		
Homes, buildings, infrastructure and energy Question	Impact (select from list)	Reasons / possible mitigations	Ways to align with net zero:
What effect will this project have on overall energy use (electricity or other fuels) e.g.			
n buildings, appliances or machinery?		Over times any evhicles used on the	- Insulate buildings to a high standard.
		services will transition to electric or other	<ul> <li>Include energy efficiency measures when carrying out refurbishment.</li> <li>Replace gas boilers with renewable heating, such as heat pumps.</li> </ul>
What effect will this project have on the direct use of fossil fuels such as gas, petrol,		green energy vehicles as they become available on the market and the supporting	- Construct new buildings to a net zero standard (see the LETI design guide: https://www.leti.london/cedg
diesel, oil?	Large or long-term reduction	infrastructure is developed.	- Design and deliver buildings and infrastructure with lower-carbon materials, such as recycled material a
Does this project further maximise the use of existing building space? E.g. co-locating			timber frames.  - Use construction methods that reduce overall energy use, such as modular, factory-built components, or
services; bringing under-used space into use; using buildings out-of-hours  Will any new building constructed or refurbishment be net zero carbon-ready in			use of electrical plant on-site.
use? (high levels of insulation, low energy demand per sq. m., and no servicing with			- Install solar panels or other renewable energy generation, and consider including battery storage.
fossil fuels such as gas heating).			- Switch to a renewable energy provider.
Does this use more sustainable <b>materials</b> in building or infrastructure? <i>E.g. re-used</i>			<ul><li>Use energy-efficient appliances.</li><li>Install low-energy LED lighting.</li></ul>
or recycled construction materials; timber in place of concrete			- Install measures to help manage building energy demand, such as smart meters, timers on lighting, or
Does this use more sustainable <b>processes</b> in any building or infrastructural work? E.g. modular and off-site construction; use of electrical plant instead of petrol/diesel			building management systems.
Will this increase the supply of renewable energy? e.g. installing solar panels;			
switching to a renewable energy tariff			
Do any appliances or electrical equipment to be used have high energy efficiency ratings?			
Fravel		December / weepilele withwations	[max
Question	Impact	Reasons / possible mitigations and will require an additional	Ways to align with net zero:
Reducing travel: what effect will this project have on overall vehicle use?	Modest or short-term increase	vehicle/vehilces. However this will be	- Reduce the need to travel e.g. through remote meetings, or rationalising routes and rounds.
		electric vehicles may not be available.	- Share vehicles or substitute different modes of travel, rather than procuring new fleet.
		However, these will be ordered should the	<ul> <li>Specify electric vehicles for new fleet or for services involving transport.</li> <li>Support users and staff to walk, cycle, or use public transport e.g. with cycle parking, training, incentive</li> </ul>
		decision to proceed be agreed and diesel vehicles will be replaced with electric	- Use zero-emission deliveries e.g. H&F's e-cargo bike service.
Will this project use petrol or diesel vehicles?	Yes	alternatives as soon as practicable.	- Model and mitigate the project's effect on traffic and congestion e.g. retiming the service or deliveries
Will this support people to use active or low-carbon transport? E.g. cycling, walking,	N1/A		
Switching to electric transport  Will it be easily accessible for all by foot, bike, or public transport, including for	N/A		
disabled people?	N/A		
Has the project taken steps to reduce traffic? Using e-cargo bikes; timing activities or		Collection routes in high traffic areas will be	
deliveries to be outside peak congestion times	Yes	optimised so as to avoid peak traffic periods	
Consumption	]		
Question	Impact	Reasons / possible mitigations	Ways to align with net zero:
las this project considered ways to reuse existing goods and materials to the greatest	·		
extent possible, before acquiring newly manufactured ones?	N/A		- Procure goods through sharing, leasing, or product-as-a-service models rather than ownership.
Does it reduce reliance on buying newly manufactured goods? E.g. repair and re-use; sharing and lending goods between services or people; leasing or product-as-a-			<ul> <li>Use pre-owned and reconditioned goods, and reduce reliance on procuring new goods.</li> <li>Use recycled materials, and procure items that can be reconditioned or recycled at end-of-life.</li> </ul>
service rather than ownership	N/A		- Use lifecycle costing in business cases to capture the full cost of operation, repair and disposal of an ite
Does it use products and resources that are re-used, recycled, or renewable?	Yes	Garden waste will be collected in reusable sacks	- Reduce meat and dairy in food provision.
Does it use products and resources that are re-used, recycled, or renewable?  Does it enable others to make sustainable choices within their lifestyles, or engage	763	Odoro	- Design waste, including food waste, out of business models e.g. separating (and composting) food was
people about this?	N/A		replacing single-use items with reusable items.  - Use contact points with residents and businesses to engage and enable them to adopt low-waste, low-
		The potentail for a futue excess waste policy for wheeled bin collection properties would	carbon behaviours.
Is there a plan to reduce waste?	Yes	reduce the waste kg per household	
Has it taken steps to ensure any food it offers is more sustainable? E.g. minimal meat			
and dairy; minimises food waste; seasonal produce; locally sourced.	N/A		
Ecology			
Question	Impact	Reasons / possible mitigations	Ways to align with net zero:
Vhat effect does this project have on total area of green space?	Neutral		
Does the project create more habitat for nature? E.g. native plants, trees, and flowers	N/A		- Avoid converting green space to hard surfacing.
Does it make changes to green space that can have a negative impact on nature? E.g. use of pesticides, reduced extent and variety of plants, planting non-native	N/A		<ul> <li>Use underutilised space for planting, such as green roofs and walls.</li> <li>Plant native plants and perennials, rather than non-native ornamental species, to encourage biodiversity</li> </ul>
Does it help people understand the value of biodiversity, and encourage them to support it in their private and community spaces?	N/A		<ul> <li>Reduce trimming of grass and hedges, and avoid use of pesticides.</li> <li>Provide space for animals e.g. long grass areas, bird boxes, bat boxes, 'insect hotels'</li> </ul>
Adaptation	]		13.1.2.2 Spans 10. State of State States and State States of State States of The States of The States of The States of States
Adaptation Question	Impact	Reasons / possible mitigations	Ways to align with net zero:
	N/A	The state of the s	Trayo to angli mail not zoro.
			- Install water-saving devices in taps, showers and toilets
,,			
eople from extreme heat?	N/A		- Re-use grey water in new developments  Ensure all new building or refurbishment (especially of homes) models and mitigates future everbeating
Decople from extreme heat?  Has any planned building work or infrastructure considered how to mitigate flood risk?			- Ensure all new building or refurbishment (especially of homes) models and mitigates future overheating
people from extreme heat? Has any planned building work or infrastructure considered how to mitigate flood risk?  E.g. Sustainable Drainage Systems (SuDS); de-paving areas; green roofs  Does any planned infrastructure or building work increase the overall footprint of hard	N/A		<ul> <li>Ensure all new building or refurbishment (especially of homes) models and mitigates future overheating risk, with adequate ventilation and shading</li> <li>Avoid increasing areas of hard surfacing.</li> </ul>
Does any planned infrastructure or building use consider how to sustainably protect people from extreme heat?  Has any planned building work or infrastructure considered how to mitigate flood risk?  E.g. Sustainable Drainage Systems (SuDS); de-paving areas; green roofs  Does any planned infrastructure or building work increase the overall footprint of hard surfacing? (as opposed to green or permeable surfacing)			- Ensure all new building or refurbishment (especially of homes) models and mitigates future overheating risk, with adequate ventilation and shading

Reasons / possible mitigations
The provisional services will divert
recyclable waste from the residual waste

stream into greener alternative disposal

systems (SuDS).
- Plant drought-tolerant plants

Ways to align with net zero:

- 'Make every contact count', by using contact points with residents and businesses to promote understanding of the climate emergency.

N/A

Impact

Has the project considered its own resilience to future extreme heat, flood risk, or water shortage?

Does this project raise awareness and understanding of the climate and ecological emergency, and the steps that people can take?

Engagement and influence Question